IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO **EASTERN DIVISION - CLEVELAND**

To us	CITA PEED & DANIZOTIDEOX
In re	CHAPTER 7 BANKRUPTCY
John W. Brown	Case No. 11-12081
Bernice H. Brown	
Debtor(s)	

REAFFIRMATION AGREEMENT WITH COVER SHEET

ne set

	Rule 4008. It may be filed by any party to the		reaffirmation agreement attached, within the time set ion agreement.
1. THIR	Creditor`s Name: THIRD FEDERAL SAV D FEDERAL SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSO	INGS ANI	D LOAN ASSOCIATION OF CLEVELAND, AKA,
2.	Amount of the debt subject to this reaffirma	ntion agreen	
3.	\$90,130.47 on the date of bankruptcy \$90,1 Annual percentage rate of interest: 6.55% page 1		
J,	6.55% under reaffirmation agreement (X Fi		
4.			r 318 months beginning on March 1, 2011 and
	uing thereafter at that amount on a monthly ba	asis until ot	herwise notified by the Creditor in writing.
5.	Collateral, if any, securing the debt: Current		
6.	Description: 832 McKinley Avenue, Bedfor	, -	
0.	Does the creditor assert that the debt is nonc	nschargeau	ile? Yes A No.
	s, attach a declaration setting forth the nature of schargeable.)	of the debt a	and basis for the contention that the debt is
Debto	r's Schedule I and J Entries		or's Income and Expenses ated on Reaffirmation Agreement
7A.	Total monthly income from \$3,238.39 Schedule I, line 16	7B.	Monthly income from all \$ 3 235.39 sources after payroll deductions
8A.	Total monthly expenses \$3,569.81 from Schedule J, line 18	8B.	Monthly expenses \$ 3, 121 4 1
9A.	Total monthly payments on \$ \(\bigcup \cdot \cd	9B.	Total monthly payments on \$ \cong \
		10B.	Net monthly income \$\\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \

11.	Explain with specificity any difference between the income amounts (7A and 7B):
12.	Explain with specificity any difference between the expense amounts (8A and 8B): The Debtor's Joue Cadiflac has not been reaffirmed and has seen deducted as an expense from time 86
explan	If line 11 or12 is completed, the undersigned debtor, and joint debtor if applicable, certifies that any nation contained on those lines is true and correct.
	Signature of Debtor (only required if line 11 or 12 is completed) Signature of Joint Debtor (if applicable, and only required if line 11 or 12 is completed)
Other	Information
	Check this box if the total on line 10B is less than zero. If that number is less than zero, a presumption ue hardship arises (unless the creditor is a credit union) and you must explain with specificity the s of funds available to the Debtor to make the monthly payments on the reaffirmed debt:
Was de	ebtor represented by counsel during the course of negotiating this reaffirmation agreement? Yes No
	or was represented by counsel during the course of negotiating this reaffirmation agreement, has el executed a certification (affidavit or declaration) in support of the reaffirmation agreement? Yes No
	FILER'S CERTIFICATION
betwee	I hereby certify that the attached agreement is a true and correct copy of the reaffirmation agreement on the parties identified on this Reaffirmation Agreement Cover Sheet.
	Signature
	Amym blythe attorney for Creditor Print/Type Name & Signer's Relation to Case

B27 (Official Form 27) (12/09) Page 2

Check	cone.
	Presumption of undue hardship
X	No presumption of undue hardship
	ebtor's Statement in Support of
	rmation. Part II below, to determine
which	box to check.
1	

IN THE UNITED STATES BANKRUPTCY COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF OHIO EASTERN DIVISION - CLEVELAND

In re

CHAPTER 7 BANKRUPTCY

John W. Brown Bernice H. Brown Case No. 11-12081

Debtor(s)

Judge: RANDOLPH BAXTER

REAFFIRMATION DOCUMENTS

Name of Creditor: THIRD FEDERAL SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATION OF
CLEVELAND, AKA, THIRD FEDERAL SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATION
Check this box if Creditor is a Credit Union

PART I. REAFFIRMATION AGREEMENT

Reaffirming a debt is a serious financial decision. Before entering into this Reaffirmation Agreement, you must review the important disclosures, instructions, and definitions found in Part V of this Reaffirmation Documents packet.

A. Brief description of the agreement being reaffirmed: Mortgage loan

B. AMOUNT REAFFIRMED:

\$90,130,47

The Amount Reaffirmed is the entire amount that you are agreeing to pay. This may include unpaid principal, interest, and fees and costs (if any) arising on or before March 31, 2011, which is the date of the Disclosure Statement portion of this form (Part V).

See the definition of "Amount Reaffirmed" in Part V, Section C below.

C. The ANNUAL PERCENT	AGE RATE applicable to the	e Amount Reaffirmed is 6.55%.
See definition of "Ann	ual Percentage Rate" in Part	t , Section. C below.
This is a (check one)	X Fixed rate	Variable rate
If the loan has a variable rate, the Percentage Rate disclosed here.	ne future interest rate may inc	crease or decrease from the Annual
D. Reaffirmation Agreement R	epayment Terms (check and con	omplete one):
X \$806.99 per month that amount on a monthly basis	for 318 months starting on Muntil otherwise notified by the	March 1, 2011 and continuing thereafter at the Creditor in writing.
Describe repaymen from the initial pay		nture payment amount(s) may be different
E. Describe the collateral, if any	y, securing the debt:	
	832 McKinley Avenue, Bedfor cet Value: 112,300.00	rd Heights, OH 44146
F. Did the debt that is being rea	ffirmed arise from the purcha	ase of the collateral described above?
X Yes. What was the p	urchase price of the collateral	1? \$97,000.00
No. What was the ar	mount of the original loan?	\$
G. Specify the changes made by reaffirmed debt and any related a	ngreement: N/A Terms as of the	ent to the most recent credit terms on the Terms After
	Date of the Bankruptcy	Reaffirmation
Balance due <i>(including</i> <i>fees and costs)</i> Annual Percentage Rat	\$	\$
Monthly Payment	\$	\$
connection with this Re Rate that applies to future	eaffirmation Agreement. Des	you with additional future credit in scribe the credit limit, the Annual Percentas on future purchases and advances using

PART II. DEBTOR'S STATEMENT IN SUPPORT OF REAFFIRMATION AGREEMENT

A. Where you represented by an attorney during the course of negotiating this agreement:

Check one. Yes No	
B. Is the creditor a credit union?	
Check one. Yes No	
C. If your answer to EITHER question A, or B, above is "No" complete 1	1. and 2. below.
1. My present monthly income and expenses are:	
a. Monthly income from all sources after payroll deductions (take-home pay plus any other income)	\$ <u>3,238.39</u>
b. Monthly expenses (including all reaffirmed debts except this one)	\$ 2,414-93
c. Amount available to pay this reaffirmed debt (subtract b. From a.)	\$ 823.46
d. Amount of monthly payment required for this reaffirmed debt	\$ 806.99
If the monthly payment on this reaffirmed debt (line iv.) is greater than the pay this reaffirmed debt (line c.), you must check the box at the top of page of Undue Hardship." Otherwise, you must check the box at the top of page of Undue Hardship."	e one that says "Presumption of
2. You believe this reaffirmation agreement will not impose an un dependents because:	due hardship on you or your
Check one of the two statements below, if applicable:	
You can afford to make the payments on the reaffirmed income is greater than your monthly expenses even after you include payments on all debts you are reaffirming, including this one.	I debt because your monthly de in your expenses the monthly
You can afford to make the payments on the reaffirmed income is less than your monthly expenses even after you include i payments on all debts you are reaffirming, including this one, becar	n your expenses the monthly.

Use an additional page if needed for a full explanation.

re "Yes,", check the following statement, it
nt is in your financial interest and you can
esumption of Undue Hardship."
I

PART III. CERTIFICATION BY DEBTOR(S) AND SIGNATURES OF PARTIES

	I	hereby	certify	that:
--	---	--------	---------	-------

i. I agree to reaffirm the debt described above.

ii. Before signing this reaffirmation agreement, I read the terms disclosed in this Reaffirmation Agreement (Part I) and the Disclosure Statement, Instructions and Definitions included in Part V below;

iii. The Debtor's Statement in Support of Reaffirmation Agreement (Part II above) is true and complete;

iv. I am entering into this agreement voluntarily and fully informed of my rights and responsibilities; and

The first and the up commit voluntarily and tury informed of my rights and responsibilities, and
v. I have received a copy of this completed and signed Reaffirmation Documents packet.
SIGNATURE(S) (If this is a joint Reaffirmation Agreement, both debtors must sign.):
Date 6-8-2011 Signature 10/21/18/2000
Date 6-8-2011 Signature Debtor Debtor Signature Debtor, if any
Reaffirmation Agreement Terms Accepted by Creditor:
Creditor THIRD FEDERAL SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATION OF CLEVELAND, AKA, THIRD FEDERAL SAVINGS AND LOAN ASSOCIATION, 7007 Broadway Avenue, Cleveland, OH 44105. (Address)
Amy M. Blythe, Attorney for Creditor
Abytue
PART IV. CERTIFICATION BY DEBTOR'S ATTORNEY (IF ANY)
To be filed only if the attorney represented the debtor during the course of negotiating this agreement.
I hereby certify that: (1) this agreement represents a fully informed and voluntary agreement by the debtor; (2) this agreement does not impose an undue hardship on the debtor or any dependent of the debtor; and (3) I have fully advised the debtor of the legal effect and consequences of this agreement and any default under this agreement.
A presumption of undue hardship has been established with respect to this agreement. In my opinion, however, the debtor is able to make the required payment.
Check box, if the presumption of undue hardship box is checked on page 1 and the creditor is not a Credit Union.
Date 6 3 3011 Signature of Debtor's Attorney

Print Name of Debtor's Attorney Paul S. KUZMICICAS

PART V. DISCLOSURE STATEMENT AND INSTRUCTIONS TO DEBTOR(S)

Before agreeing to reaffirm a debt, review the terms disclosed in the Reaffirmation Agreement (Part I above) and these additional important disclosures and instructions.

Reaffirming a debt is a serious financial decision. The law requires you to take certain steps to make sure the decision is in your best interest. If these steps, which detailed in the Instructions provided in Part V, Section B below, are not completed, the Reaffirmation Agreement is not effective, even though you have signed it.

A. DISCLOSURE STATEMENT

- 1. What are your obligations if you reaffirm a debt? A reaffirmed debt remains your personal legal obligation to pay. Your reaffirmed debt is not discharged in your bankruptcy case. That means that if you default on your reaffirmed debt after your bankruptcy case is over, your creditor may be able to take your property or your wages. Your obligations will be determined by the Reaffirmation Agreement, which may have changed the terms of the original agreement. If you are reaffirming an open end credit agreement, that agreement or applicable law may permit the creditor to change the terms of that agreement in the future under certain conditions.
- 2. Are you required to enter into a reaffirmation agreement by any law? No, you are not required to reaffirm a debt by any law. Only agree to reaffirm a debt if it is in your best interest. Be sure you can afford the payments that you agree to make.
- 3. What if your creditor has a security interest or lien? Your bankruptcy discharge does not eliminate any lien on your property. A "lien" is often referred to as a security interest, deed of trust, mortgage, or security deed. The property subject to a lien is often referred to as collateral. Even if you do not reaffirm and your personal liability on the debt is discharged, your creditor may still have a right under the lien to take the collateral if you do not pay or default on the debt. If the collateral is personal property that is exempt or that the trustee has abandoned, you may be able to redeem the item rather than reaffirm the debt. To redeem, you make a single payment to the creditor equal to the current value of the collateral, as the parties agree or the court determines.
- 4. How soon do you need to enter into and file a reaffirmation agreement? If you decide to enter into a reaffirmation agreement, you must do so before you receive your discharge. After you have entered into a reaffirmation agreement and all parts of this form that require a signature have been signed, either you or the creditor should file it as soon as possible. The signed agreement must be filed with the court no later than 60 days after the first date set for the meeting of creditors, so that the court will have time to schedule a hearing to approve the agreement if approval is required. However, the court may extend the time for filing, even after the 60-day period has ended.
- 5. Can you cancel the agreement? You may rescind (cancel) your Reaffirmation Agreement at any time before the bankruptcy court enters your discharge, or during the 60-day period that begins on the date your Reaffirmation Agreement is filed with the court, whichever occurs later. To rescind (cancel) your Reaffirmation Agreement, you

must notify the creditor that your Reaffirmation Agreement is rescinded (or canceled). Remember that you can rescind the agreement, even if the court approves it, as long as you rescind within the time allowed.

- 6. When will this Reaffirmation Agreement be effective?
 - a. If you were represented by an attorney during the negotiation of your Reaffirmation Agreement and
 - i. if the creditor is not a Credit Union, your Reaffirmation Agreement becomes effective when it is filed with the court unless the reaffirmation is presumed to be an undue hardship. If the Reaffirmation Agreement is presumed to be an undue hardship, the court must review it and may set a hearing to determine whether you have rebutted the presumption of undue hardship.
 - ii. if the creditor is a Credit Union, your Reaffirmation Agreement becomes effective when it is filed with the court.
 - b. If you were not represented by an attorney during the negotiation of your Reaffirmation Agreement, the Reaffirmation Agreement will not be effective unless the court approves it. To have the court approve your agreement, you must file a motion. See Instruction 5, below. The court will notify you and the creditor of the hearing on your Reaffirmation Agreement. You must attend this hearing, at which time the judge will review your Reaffirmation Agreement. If the judge decides that the Reaffirmation Agreement is in your best interest, the agreement will be approved and will become effective. However, if your Reaffirmation Agreement is for a consumer debt secured by a mortgage, deed of trust, security deed, or other lien on your real property, like your home, you do not need to file a motion or get court approval of your Reaffirmation Agreement.
- 7. What if you have questions about what a creditor can do? If you have questions about reaffirming a debt or what the law requires, consult with the attorney who helped you negotiate this agreement. If you do not have an attorney helping you, you may ask the judge to explain the effect of this agreement to you at the hearing to approve the Reaffirmation Agreement. When this disclosure refers to what a creditor "may" do, it is not giving any creditor permission to do anything. The word "may" is used to tell you what might occur if the law permits the creditor to take the action.

B. INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Review these Disclosures and carefully consider your decision to reaffirm. If you want to reaffirm, review and complete the information contained in the Reaffirmation Agreement (Part I above). If your case is a joint case, both spouses must sign the agreement if both are reaffirming the debt.
- 2. Complete the Debtor's Statement in Support of Reaffirmation Agreement (Part II above). Be sure that you can afford to make the payments that you are agreeing to make and that you have received a copy of the Disclosure Statement and a completed and signed Reaffirmation Agreement.

- 3. If you were represented by an attorney during the negotiation of your Reaffirmation Agreement, your attorney must sign and date the Certification By Debtor's Attorney (Part IV above).
- 4. You or your creditor must file with the court the original of this Reaffirmation Documents packet and a completed Reaffirmation Agreement Cover Sheet (Official Bankruptcy Form 27).
- 5. If you are not represented by an attorney, you must also complete and file with the court a separate document entitled "Motion for Court Approval of Reaffirmation Agreement" unless your Reaffirmation Agreement is for a consumer debt secured by a lien on your real property, such as your home. You can use Form B240B to do this.

C. DEFINITIONS

- 1. "Amount Reaffirmed" means the total amount of debt that you are agreeing to pay (reaffirm) by entering into this agreement. The total amount of debt includes any unpaid fees and costs that you are agreeing to pay that arose on or before the date of disclosure, which is the date specified in the Reaffirmation Agreement (Part I, Section B above). Your credit agreement may obligate you to pay additional amounts that arise after the date of this disclosure. You should consult your credit agreement to determine whether you are obligated to pay additional amounts that may arise after the date of this disclosure.
- 2. "Annual Percentage Rate" means the interest rate on a loan expressed under the rules required by federal law. The annual percentage rate (as opposed to the "stated interest rate") tells you the full cost of your credit including many of the creditor's fees and charges. You will find the annual percentage rate for your original agreement on the disclosure statement that was given to you when the loan papers were signed or on the monthly statements sent to you for an open end credit account such as a credit card.
- 3. "Credit Union" means a financial institution as defined in 12 U.S.C. § 461(b)(1)(A)(iv). It is owned and controlled by and provides financial services to its members and typically uses words like "Credit Union" or initials like "C.U." or "F.C.U." in its name.